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MATHEMATICS SSC-II	•	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Science Group SECTION – A (Marks 15)	3	3	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Time allowed: 20 Minutes	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent.	5	5	5	5	5		5	6	5	5	5	5	5
Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil.	6	6	6	6	6		6	6	6	6	6	6	6
حقدالال لاذی ہے۔ اس کے جوابات اک متحدیہ دسے کرناغم مرکز کے حواسلے کریں۔ کائ کرودیادہ	7	7	7	7	7		7	7	Ø	7	7	7	7
کیسنے کی اجازت قمی ہے۔ لسیڈ چنس کا است تعال منور کے۔	8	8	8		8		8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	9	9	9	9	9		9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Answ	ver Sh	eet l	No			_							

_____ Invigilator Sign. مرموال کے مناض دیے گئے، کر کو کم کے مطابق درست دائرہ کو پر کریں۔

Fill the relevant bubble against each question according to curriculum: Candidate Sign.

	رال Question	- A	В	с	D	A	в	С	D
1.	What is the solution set of $\sqrt{x+3} = -5$? است $\sqrt{x+3} = -5$ کامل میٹ کیاہ گا?	ø	{-22}	{-28}	{75.4}	0	0	0	0
2.	Roots of the equation $x^2 - 5x + 5 = 0$ are: $y = -\frac{2}{3}$	Irrational and unequal غیرناطق اورنابر ابر	lmaginary and equal فير حقيقي ادربرابر	Rational and equal ناطق اور برابر	Rational and unequal ناطق ادرنابرابر	0	0	0	0
3.	For what value of x, x+13:x+7=4:5? ی کم قیمت کے لیے 5 = 4 = 5 x+13:x+7 = 4	37	17	37	-17	0	0	0	0
4 <u>.</u>	Partial fractions of $\frac{x+2}{(x+1)(x^2+2)}$ are of t form: $\frac{x+2}{(x+1)(x^2+2)} \xrightarrow{x+2} \frac{x+2}{(x+1)(x^2+2)}$	$\frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{x^2+2}$	$\frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+2}$	$\frac{A}{x^2+2} + \frac{Bx+C}{x+1}$	$\frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{Bx}{x^2+2}$	0	0	0	0
5.	Median of the given data 12,14,24,15,19 is شره می سے کیا جزود سیے گئے مواد 12,14,24,15,19 کاوسطانیہ ہے؟		17	19	34	0	0	0	0
6.	What is the area of a circular sector havi central angle $\frac{\pi}{3}$ and radius 3? غلائ دائر مکردای 3 ادر مرکزی زادیہ $\frac{\pi}{3}$ بوتوان کارتبہ کیا ہوگا؟	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	6π	$\frac{9\pi}{2}$	0	0	0	0
7.	In a right triangle projection of perpendicu upon base is: تائمة الزاويه شلث ميں قاعد بر عود کاظل کياہو کا؟	Base	Perpendicular مور	Hypotenuse	Zero مز	0	0	0	0
8.	What is the length of chord \overline{AB} intercepted at 4cm away from the centre of circle having radius 5cm. \overline{AB} is to $\mathcal{L}(1) \subset \mathcal{L}(1) \subset \mathcal{L}($	3) 3 <i>cm</i>	6 <i>cm</i>	7 <i>cm</i>	9cm	0	0	0	0

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	موال Question	Α	В	С	D	Α	в	С	D
9.	If two circles each of radius 5cm touch internally, the distance between their centres is: اگر 5 سم ردائی کے دودائرے ایک دو سرے کو اندروٹی طور پر مس کریں تو دائروں کے مراکز میں کتوافاصلہ ہوگا؟	0 <i>cm</i>	5cm	10 <i>cm</i>	25 <i>cm</i>	0	0	0	0
10.	What is the diameter length of the drawn circle? بارک ک تفری لبان کیاہو گا، B	2	3	6	√41	0	0	0	0
11.	If circular arc subtends a central angle 40°, then the corresponding chord subtends a central angle: اگر دائروی قوس کا مرکزی زادیہ °40 ہو تو متعلقہ وتر کا مرکزی زادیہ کتی مقدار کا ہوگا؟	20°	40°	60°	80°	0	0	0	0
12.	What is the value of x in the figure? برگی توری خاکد ش x کی قیت کیا ہو گی B x 1160	116°	128°	84°	64°	0	0	0	0
13.	What is the radius of a circle inscribed in a square of side 4cm? المويرى فاكر ش محصور دائرهكاردان کيابو کائ دائر مي محصور دائرهكاردان	2cm	4 <i>cm</i>	6 <i>c</i> m	√8cm	0	0	0	0
14.	The shown Venn diagram represents a/an: $h_{diagram}$ $h_{diagram}$ $h_$	INTO function اِن تُوتَعَاعل	Bijective function بانی جیکوتناعل	ONTO function آن ڈقائل	Not a function تفاعل میش میل	0	0	0	0
15.	Simplified form of $(7 + 5\omega + 5\omega^2)^2$ is: Simplified form of $(7 + 5\omega + 5\omega^2)^2$	4	12	49	144	0	0	0	0

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MATHEMATICS SSC-II

Science Group

Time allowed: 2:40 Hours

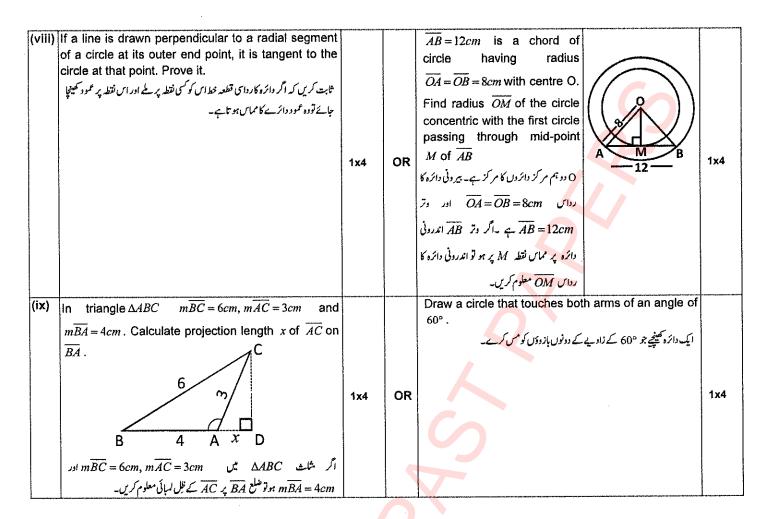
Total Marks Sections B and C: 60

SECTION - B (Marks 36)

Q. :	2 Solve the following Questions.	(9x4:	= 36)	فتمام سوالات حل كرين-	سوال نمبر2
(i)	Reduce the equation $5x - \frac{8}{x} + 6 = 0$ to quadratic form and solve. $5x - \frac{8}{x} + 6 = 0$ $5x - \frac{8}{x} + 6 = 0$	1x4	OR	Find the value of p , if roots α , β of an equation $x^2 - 2x + p = 0$ satisfy a relation $3\alpha + 4\beta = 5$ β by $\frac{1}{2}$ and α by $\frac{1}{2}$, α by α by β and β by α by β by β $\beta = 1$ by $\beta = 1$ by	1x4
(ii)	If $(x+1)$ and $(x-1)$ are the factors of $x^3 + 3px^2 + qx - 1$, use synthetic division to find the values of p and q . \vec{r} کمی تقسیم کے استعمال سے q اور p کی قیمتیں معلوم کریں اگر $(x+1)$ اور $(x+1)$ کثیر رقمی $p = 4px^2 + qx - 1$ کے $rrs = 4px^2 + qx - 1$		OR	Solve the radical equation $\sqrt{x-3}+5=x$ $\varphi(x)$ $\sqrt{x-3}+5=x$ $\sqrt{x-3}+5=x$	1x4
(iii)	If $\frac{x}{p} = \frac{y}{q} = \frac{z}{r}$, then show that $\frac{x^3 + y^3 + z^3}{p^3 + q^3 + r^3} = \frac{xyz}{pqr}$ $\frac{x^3 + y^3 + z^3}{p^3 + q^3 + r^3} = \frac{xyz}{pqr} \int \int \int \frac{x}{p^3 + q^3 + r^3} = \frac{xyz}{pqr} \int \int \frac{x}{pqr} \int$	2+2	OR	If $U = \{1, 2, 3,, 10\}, A = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ and $B = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ then verify that $(A \cap B)' = (A' \cup B')$ $B = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ verify $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}, U = \{1, 2, 3,, 10\}$ if $(A \cap B)' = (A' \cup B')$ is the formula of the second seco	1x4
(iv)	Resolve $\frac{x^2-2}{(x-1)(x+1)^2}$ into partial fractions. $\frac{x^2-2}{(x-1)(x+1)^2}$ be $\frac{x^2-2}{(x-1)(x+1)^2}$	3+1	OR	If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ then find $A \times B$ and a relation $R = \{(x, y) x \in A, y \in B \land y < x\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B$ if $B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ $-\lambda = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ is $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ if $A \times B \to B \times B \times B$ if $A \times B \to B \times B \times B$ if $A \times B \to B \times B \times B \times B$ if $A \times B \to B \times B$	1x4
(v)	If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}, B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ and $C = \{1, 4, 7, 8\}$ then verify that $A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$ $\vec{J} C = \{1, 4, 7, 8\}$ $M = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}, A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ $\vec{J} = \{1, 4, 7, 8\}$ $M \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$	1x4	OR	If terminal ray of θ is in first quadrant and $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{4}$ then find the remaining trigonometric ratios of θ . اگر $\sin \theta = \sin \theta$ اور زاویہ θ کا اخترافی بازو پہلے رکٹے میں ہو تو باق تکونیاتی تسبیس معلوم کریں۔	1x4
	Find Arithmetic Mean from the following grouped data. Class 1-9 10-18 19-27 28-36 37-45 requercy 6 4 1 2 2 Frequency 6 4 1 2 2 c_{13}	1x4	OR	Resolve $\frac{20}{(x-3)(x^2+1)}$ into partial fractions. $\frac{20}{(x-3)(x^2+1)}$	3+1
	Prove that perpendicular from the centre of a circle on a chord bisects it. ثابت کریں کہ دائرے کم مرکز ہے کمی وتر پر عود ۱۳ کی تنصیف کرتا ہے۔	1x4	OR	Calculate length of a chord \overline{AB} that stands at a distance 6cm from the centre of a circle O with radius $10cm$. $12 - 10^{10}$	1x4

(Mathematics Science page 1 of 2)

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SECTION - C (Marks 24)

Note: Solve the following Questions.

(3 x 8 = 24)

تمام سوالات حل كرير .

Q.3	Using the Componendo-Dividendo Theorem, prove that $\frac{x+7a}{x-7a} + \frac{x+7b}{x-7b} = 2$ if $x = \frac{14ab}{a+b}$ $\vec{x} = \frac{14ab}{a+b}$ $\vec{x} = \frac{14ab}{a+b}$ $\vec{x} = \frac{14ab}{a+b}$ $\vec{x} = \frac{14ab}{x-7a} + \frac{x+7b}{x-7b} = 2$	4+4	OR	Determine variance and standard deviation from the following frequency of distribution. $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	4+4
Q.4	Find height of a tree if its shadow decreases by 10m when the depression angle of sun rays changes from 30° to 45° v_{ec} , v_{e} ,	2x4	OR	If two arcs of a circle (or of congruent circles) are congruent, then the corresponding chords are equal. Prove it. ثابت کریں کہ دومتماثل دائروں یا ایک بن دائرہ میں اگر دو قو میں متماثل ہوں توان کے وتر لمبانی میں بر ابر ہوتے ہیں۔	4+4
Q.5	The measure of a central angle of minor arc of a circle is double that of the angle subtended by the corresponding major arc. Prove it. متابت کریں کہ کمی دائرہ میں قوس صغیرہ سے میڈ والا مرکز کی زاویہ مقدار میں این متعلقہ قوس کمیرہ سے محصور زادیہ ہے دو گناہو تا ہے۔	4+4	OR	Circumscribe a square about a circle of radius 5 cm and write down the construction steps. 5 سم دواس کے دائرہ کا محاصر مربع بنائیں اور ساخت کے اقدام تھی لکھیں۔	6+2

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	(Science Group)	•	3 3 3	3		3 3		3	
	SECTION – A (Marks 15) Time allowed: 20 Minutes	-	4 4 4	.4		4 4		4	
	Section - A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page an	i	5 5 5	5		55		5	
	handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed.	. Č	0 0 0	6		66		6	
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	جر سوال کے سامنے دیے گئے، کر یکو کم کے مطابق درست دائرہ کو پر کریں۔	nvigilator S	ign						
	Fill the relevant bubble against each			riculum:	Candidate S	Sign			
······	موال Question	A	В	C	D	A	В	С	D
1.	What is the solution set of $2x^2 = 3x$? مادات $2x^2 = 3x^2$ کاحل سیت کیاہوگا؟	$\left\{0,\frac{3}{2}\right\}$	$\left\{\frac{2}{3}\right\}$	$\left\{1,\frac{1}{2}\right\}$	$\left\{\frac{3}{4}\right\}$	0	0	0	0
2 <u>.</u>	Roots of an equation $7x^2 + 8x + 1 = 0$ are: $7x^2 + 8x + 1 = 0$ are: $7x^2 + 8x + 1 = 0$	Irrational and equal غیر ناطق اور برابر	Rational and equal ناطق اور برابر	Rational an unequal ناطق ادرنابرابر	d Imaginary and unequal فیر حقیق اور نابرابر	0	0	0	0
3.	ال 8x-14y = 4x - 6y then value of x : y is: اگر x : y ق x - 14y = 4x - 6y آو x : y ال الم		2:1	1:2	1:5	0	0	0	0
4.	Partial fractions of $\frac{x^2+4}{(x+1)(x+2)}$ are of the form: form: $\sum_{x,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y$	$\frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{x+2}$	$1 + \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{B}{x+2}$	$1 + \frac{A}{x+1} + \frac{Bx+}{x+1}$	$\frac{C}{2} \left \frac{Ax+B}{x+1} + \frac{C}{x+2} \right $	0	0	0	0
5.	The shown Venn diagram represents a/an: بتويرى خاكروني فكل كيا كابر كرتى جري 4	INTO function ین توقاعل	Bijective function بانی جیکو تناعل	ONTO function آن ٹو تقا ^ع ل	Not a function تفاعل نیس ہے	0	0	0	0
6.	If α, β are the roots of $2x^2 - 6x - 4 = 0$ then value of $\alpha^2 \beta^3 + \alpha^3 \beta^2$ is: If α, β nuller α, β is: α, β nuller α, β nuller α, β nuller α, β nuller α, β nuller $\alpha^2 \beta^3 + \alpha^3 \beta^2$		6	6	12	0	0	0	0
7.	What is the Harmonic mean of 2,4? کاہم آبقگ ادساکیا ہے؟	$\frac{3}{8}$	<u>√</u> 8	3	$\frac{8}{3}$	0	0	0	0
8.	What is the evaluated value of $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec 45°? درن شده یم $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec 45° $\frac{1}{2}$ که تیت کیا موگی؟	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}$	0	0	0	0
9.	In a right triangle projection of hypotenuse on the base is: ایک قائمدالزادیه شلت میں قاعدو پر ظل وز کیاہو تاہے؟	Hypotenuse	Base تاعدہ	Perpendicu مور	lar Zero منر	0	0	0	0
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[موال Question	Α	В	c	D	A	в	С	D
10.	If two circles each of radius $3cm$ touc externally, the distance between the centres is: $(1^{c} - 1^{c}) = (1^{c} - 1^{c}) + (1^{c} - 1$	ir 0 <i>cm</i> مزم 1	3 <i>cm</i>	6ст с	9cm 1°9	0	0	0	0
11.	What is the radius of the drawn circle if mAB = 8cm f_1 f_2 f_3 f_4 f_4 g_4) 3 <i>cm</i>	4cm	5cm	6cm	00	0	0	0
12.	What is the length of the tangent \overline{AP} to the circle having diameter 6cm? \overline{AP} \overline{AP}	4cm	√34cm	34 <i>cm</i>	16 <i>cm</i>	0	0	0	0
13.	lf an arc subtends central angle 60°, then its corresponding chord subtends central angle: اگردائردی توس کامر کزی زادیه 60° بوتو متعلقه وترکام کزی زادیه کتبابوگا؟	20°	40°	60°	80°	0	0	0	0
14.	تھویری خاکہ می x کی تیت کیا ہو یکی؟	50°	130°	200°	260°	0	0	0	0
15.	What is the length of diagonal of a square of side 6 <i>cm</i> inscribed in the circle? برایک در تک لبان کنی بوگی بوگی	4 <i>cm</i>	6√2cm	12 <i>cm</i>	72 <i>cm</i>	0	0	0	0
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MATHEMATICS SSC-II

Science Group

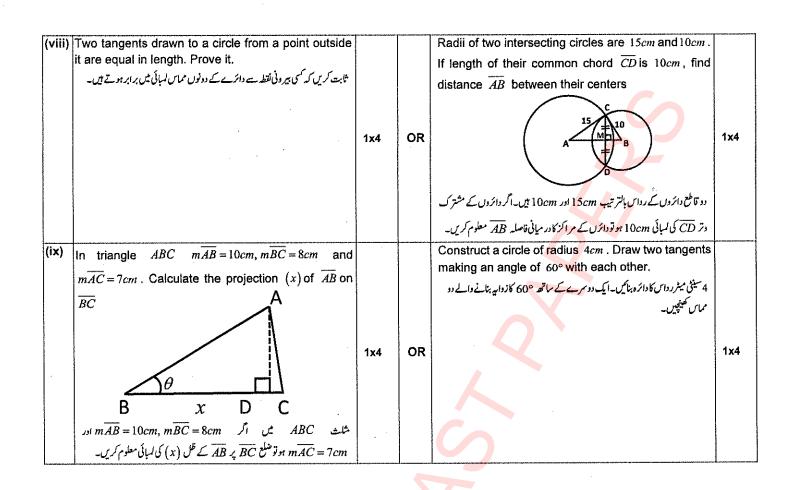
Time allowed: 2:40 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 60

SECTION - B (Marks 36)

	<u>520</u>	11014 -		<u>arks 50)</u>	
Q.	2 Solve the following Questions. (9	9 x 4 =	36)	دیے گئے موالات حل کریں۔	سوال نمبر2
(i)	Reduce the equation $\frac{x-5}{2x} = \frac{x-4}{3}$ to quadratic form and solve. $\frac{x-5}{2x} = \frac{x-4}{3}$		OR	Use synthetic division to find the values of l and m if $(x+1)$ and $(x-2)$ are the factors of $x^3 + lx^2 + mx + 2$. $(x-2) x + 1$ $(x+1) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u^{2} dx^{2} y x ^{2} + mx + 2$. $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x-2) x ^{2} + lx^{2} + mx + 2$	2+2
((i)	If α, β are the roots of $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$, then find an equation whose roots are $3\alpha + 2$ and $3\beta + 2$. $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$ سادات α, β سادات تقکیل دی $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$ سادات α, β مادات γ $\gamma - 2$ دوش بون توایی مسادات $3\alpha + 2$ ماد	1x4	OR	Solve the radical equation $2\sqrt{3x+4}+3x-4=0$ -9	1x4
(iii)	If $\frac{x}{p} = \frac{y}{q}$, then show that $\frac{2xy+3pq}{2xy-3pq} = \frac{2x^2+3p^2}{2x^2-3p^2}$ $\frac{2xy+3pq}{2xy-3pq} = \frac{2x^2+3p^2}{2x^2-3p^2} \int \int \frac{x^2+3p^2}{2x^2-3p^2} \int x^2+3$	3+1	OR	If $P = \{1,3,5,7\}$ and $Q = \{2,4,6,8\}$, then find $P \times Q$ and a relation $R = \{(x,y) x \in P, y \in Q \land x + y > 9\}$ if $P \times Q$ if $Q = \{2,4,6,8\}$ if $P = \{1,3,5,7\}$ if $P = \{1,3,5,7\}$ $- \sqrt{2} R = \{(x,y) x \in P, y \in Q \land x + y > 9\}$	1x4
(iv)	Resolve $\frac{x-7}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)}$ into partial fractions. $-\frac{x-7}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)}$ $\frac{x-7}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)}$	1x4	OR	If $A = \{1,3,5,7,9\}, B = \{2,3,4,5,8\}$ and $C = \{1,5,8,10\}$ then verify that $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$ $\Im C = \{1,5,8,10\}$ If $B = \{2,3,4,5,8\}, A = \{1,3,5,7,9\}$ if $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$	1x4
(v)	If $U = \{1, 2, 3,, 12\}$, $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$ and $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$ then verify that $(A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$ $D = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$, $U = \{1, 2, 3,, 12\}$ $(A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$ $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$, $U = \{1, 2, 3,, 12\}$ $A = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$	1x4	OR	If terminal ray of θ is in first quadrant and $\cos\theta = \frac{2}{3}$ then find the remaining trigonometric ratios of θ . $\int_{1}^{2} \int_{2}^{2} \theta = \theta \sin\theta \sin\theta \sin\theta \sin\theta \sin\theta \sin\theta \sin\theta$ $\int_{1}^{2} \int_{2}^{2} \sin\theta $	1x4
(vi)	Find Harmonic Mean from the following grouped data. Class intervals 1-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25 Frequency 27 16 26 72 69 Explored to the set of the set o	1x4	OR	Resolve $\frac{3x+1}{(x-1)(x^2+1)}$ into partial fractions. $\frac{3x+1}{(x-1)(x^2+1)}$	3+1
(vii)	Prove that perpendicular from the centre of a circle on a chord bisects it. بابت کری که دانزے کے مرکزے کی وتر پر عود دان کی تعیف کرتا ہے۔	1x4	OR	If length of chord \overline{AB} of a circle is 12cm and its distance from the centre is 8cm, then find length of the diameter \overline{AC} $1\overline{C}clicetto B$ $\overline{D}clicetto B$ $\overline{D}clicetto B$ \overline{A} \overline{C} \overline{A} \overline{C} \overline{A} \overline{C} \overline{A} \overline{C} \overline{C} \overline{A} $\overline{D}clicetto B$ $\overline{D}clicetto B$ $\overline{D}clicetto B$ \overline{A} $\overline{D}clicetto B$ $\overline{D}clicetto B$ \overline{A} \overline{C} $\overline{D}clicetto B$ \overline{A} $\overline{D}clicetto B$	1x4

(Mathematics Science page 1 of 2)



SECTION - C (Marks 24)

Note: Solve the following Questions.

(3 x 8 = 24)

تمام سوالات حل کریں۔

Q.3	Using the Componendo-Dividendo Theorem, prove that $\frac{x+4y}{x-4y} + \frac{x+4z}{x-4z} = 2$ if $x = \frac{8yz}{y+z}$ $x = \frac{8yz}{y+z}$ by $x = \frac{3yz}{y+z}$ by $x = \frac{3yz}{y+z}$ $\frac{x+4y}{x-4y} + \frac{x+4z}{x-4z} = 2$	4+4	OR	the	follo CI f	wing 1 37 2	frequen 8–12 2	cy distril 13–17 2	oution. 18–22 3	iation from 23–27 2 کاگن تعددی تقتیم	4-	+4
Q.4	An airplane pilot at an altitude of $4000m$ observes two ships approaching in the same direction along a straight path. The angles of depression of the ships as seen from the plane are 30° and 45° . Determine the distance between two ships. 1 June 1 June 2 J	2x4	OR	الم two chords of a circle (or of congruent circles) are equal, then the corresponding arc (minor, major, or semi-circular) are congruent. Prove it. تابت کریں کہ دومتما ثل دائروں یا ایک بی دائرے میں اگر دووتر لمبائی میں برابر ہوں تو دومتما ثل تو سیں قطع کرتے ہیں۔					¢r,	!+4		
Q.5	The opposite angles of any quadrilateral inscribed in a circle are supplementary. Prove it. ثابت کریں کہ کمی دائرے کی دائروں چوکور کے متقابلہ زادیے، سیلیمنزی زادیے ہوتے ہیں۔	4+4	OR	AB	BC of	side 4	4 <i>cm</i> ,			eral triang ن مساوی الاطلار م ہو۔	4	5+2

(Mathematics Science page 2 of 2)