Version No.			
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	(5)	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

PAKISTAN STUDIES HSSC-II SECTION – A (Marks 10) Time allowed: 15 Minutes

Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. **Do not use lead pencil.**

Q.1 Fill the relevant bubble for each part. All parts carry one mark.

1 111 (evalle bubble for ear	in part.	ın parı	s carry one mark.							
1.	What was the significant achievement of the Simla Deputation (1906)?											
	A.	Separate Homeland				0						
	B.	B. Urdu as national language										
	C.											
	D.	Demand for a separ	rate polition	cal party	y	Ŏ						
2.	Total currency reserves of United India were estimated in 1947:											
	A.	Rs 2 billion	\bigcirc	B.		\bigcirc						
	C.	Rs 75 billion	Ŏ	D.	Rs 100 billion	Ŏ						
3.	Avei	rage rainfall in coasta	l areas of	Pakista	n is:							
	A.	100 mm/year	\bigcirc	B.		\bigcirc						
	C.	225 mm/year	Ŏ	D.	•	Ŏ						
4.	Niza	ım-e-Zakat was introd	luced in tl	ne coun	try in:							
	A.	June 1979	\bigcirc	B.	•							
	C.	June 1981	Ŏ	D.	June 1982							
		$\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{o}}$	ao 1 of 2		_							

5.	The minimum age limit for the candidate to be President according to the constitution of 1973 is:											
	A.	35 years	\bigcirc	B.	40 years	\bigcirc						
	C.	45 years	Ŏ	D.	50 years	Ö						
6.	Liter	ary meaning of Mansur	ra is:									
	A.	Old city	\circ	B.	City of Dead	$\overline{}$						
6.] 7.] 8.] 9.]	C.	Success	0	D.	Gardens	0						
7.	Mirz	a Qalich Beg was a		_ poet.								
	A.	Punjabi	\circ	B.	Sindhi	\circ						
	C.	Pashto	Ŏ	D.	Balochi	Ŏ						
8.	In any federal form of government National Integration can be developed by:											
	A.	Unicameral legislatur	re			\bigcirc						
	В.	$\tilde{\cap}$										
 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 	C.	Bicameral legislature Feudal System				$\tilde{\cap}$						
	D.	Dictatorship				0000						
9.	First 5 years Economic Plan was introduced in:											
	A.	1950	\bigcirc	B.	1955	\bigcirc						
	C.	1960	Ŏ	D.	1965	Ŏ						
6. 1. 7. 1. 8. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	In 1979 Pakistan became regular member of:											
	A.	SAARC	0	B.	ASEAN	0						
	C.	ECO	Ō	D.	NAM	Ō						



Federal Board HSSC-II Examination Pakistan Studies Model Question Paper (Curriculum 2002)

Time allowed: 2.15 hours Total Marks: 40

Note: Answer all parts from Section 'B' and all questions from Section 'C' on the **E-sheet**. Write your answers on the allotted/given spaces.

SECTION – B (Marks 24)

Q.2 Attempt all parts from the following. All parts carry equal marks.

- i. What are three main points which become the background of Pakistan Resolution?
- ii. How many Muslims migrated from India to Pakistan after partition? What steps did Quaid-e-Azam take to rehabilitate these refugees? (1+2)
- iii. What are the advantages of climatic zone of Pakistan? Write any three (1+1+1) OR

Which country is believed to be the most trust worthy friend of Pakistan? Enumerate three reasons for that. (1+1+1)

- iv. How does climatic change affect dresses, means of earning and livelihood of human beings? (1.5+1.5)
 - v. Which three steps General Zia Haq took under Islamization process to bring changes in social setup of society? (1+1+1)

OR

What is economic planning? Write two points for the need of economic planning for development of Pakistan? (1+2)

vi. Which three instructions Hazrat Umar issued to every new governor?

OR (1+1+1)

What is national integration? Give two reasons for the importance of national integration for an Islamic democratic state. (1+2)

vii. Write down three important characteristics of Pakistani culture.

OR (1+1+1)

Narrate three salient features of Pakistan's foreign policy. (1+1+1)

viii. Why was Urdu given the status of national language of Pakistan? Support your answer with three reasons. (1+1+1)

SECTION – C(Marks 16)

Note: Attempt questions. All questions carry equal marks. $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

- Q.3 When did Cabinet Mission come India. Write down at least three salient features of Cabinet Mission plan. (2+6)
- Q.4 When did the United Nations approve charter of fundamental human rights? Write any fourteen fundamental human rights approved by UNO. (1+7)

OR

Why did Pakistan USA relations face challenges? Support your answer by giving four solid reasons. (2+2+2+2)

* * * * *

PAKISTAN STUDIES HSSC-II

Students Learning Outcomes Alignment Chart (Curriculum 2002)

Section	Q #	Contents	Objectives(LearningOutcomes)
A	1 -1.	1.2:Pakistan—The result of Muslim struggle	To understand the importance of the struggle and appreciate the role of different personalities and people in various provinces.
	2.	2.A.(5): Problems (Division of Assets)	To know about the salient aspects of partition.
	3.	3.1:Physiography of Pakistan	To know about the salient physiographic and climatic conditions of Pakistan.
	4.	4.3: Steps toward Islamization since 1949	To know about Islamic provisions.
	5.	5.1:FederalGovernment–various institutions and their functions	Knowledge of the working of Political institutions in the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.
	6.	6.3: Cultural Heritage of Pakistan: Main sites	To know about the cultural heritage of Pakistan.
	7.	7.3: Regional languages in Pakistan	To know about the important languages of Pakistan.
	8.	8.4: Remedial measures My, your and our role	To create awareness about the problems in the way of national integration cohesion in Pakistan and remedial measures.
	9.	9.8: Economic Planning in the light of all 5 years plans	To know about the efforts for the economic development of Pakistan in specific fields and the impact of science and technology on economic development change.
	10.	10.3: Objectives for the Foreign Policy of Pakistan	Appreciate the trends in the foreign policy of Pakistan.
В	2 -i.	1.II.4: Pakistan Resolution	To know about the mass political struggle under the banner of Muslim League.
	ii.	2.A.4: Influx of Refugees	To know about the salient aspects of the Pakistan.
	iii.	3.2: Climatic zones of Pakistan	To know about the salient physiographic and climatic conditions of Pakistan
	iv.	3.4:Influence of climate on Human Life	To know about the salient physiographic and climatic conditions of Pakistan
	v.	4.3: Steps toward Islamization since 1949	To know about Islamic provisions.
	vi.	5.5: Administration in the Era of Hazrat Umar RAU	Understand the Islamic perspective of Good Governance and its role in the devolution of Power plan.

	vii.	6.4:Common characteristics of	To appreciate the common characteristics of
		Pakistan culture	Pakistan culture.
		Be Pakistani. Buy Pakistani	OR
		OR	Appreciate the trends in the Foreign Policy
		10.5: Foreign Policy of Pakistan	of the Pakistan.
		with China, India, Iran, USA,	
		Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia	
	viii.	7.2: The National Language-Urdu:	To understand the importance of language as
		Historical development	vehicle of cultural integration and human
			relationship.
	•	8.2: Significance in an Islamic	To develop understanding about the
		Democratic State	importance and integration and cohesion in
			an Islamic Society.
	•	9.1: Meaning and Importance of	To know about Economic Planning and its
		Economic Planning and	importance.
		Development	
	•	10.5: Foreign Policy of Pakistan	Appreciate the trends in the Foreign Policy
		with China, India, Iran, USA,	of the Pakistan.
		Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia	
C	3	1.II.7: Cabinet Mission Plan	To know about the mass political struggle
			under the banner of Muslim League
	4	4.8: Salient features World Human	To know about the Fundamental Rights
		Rights Declaration- 1948	granted by the constitution.
	•	10.5: Foreign Policy of Pakistan	Appreciate the trends in the Foreign Policy of
		with China, India, Iran, USA,	the Pakistan.
		Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia	

PAKISTAN STUDIES HSSC-II

Table of Specifications

Topics	1. Genesis of Islamic Republic of Pakistan	2.Initial Problems of Islamic Republic of Pakistan	3. Geography of Islamic Republic of Pakistan	4. Steps towards an Islamic Republic of Pakistan	5. Administrative Structure of Pakistan and Good Governance	6. Culture of Islamic Republic of Pakistan	of Islamic		Development	10. Foreign Policy of Islamic Republic of Pakistan	Marks	% age
K	1(1)(1)	1(2)(1)	1(3)(1)	1(4)(1)	1(5)(1)	1(6)(1)	1(7) (1)		1(9) (1)	1(10)(1)		30%
(Knowledge			2(iv) (3)	2 (v) (3)			2(viii)(3)		2(v)(3)		21	
Based)												
U	2(i) (3)	2(ii) (3)	2(iii) (3)	4(8)	2(vi) (3)			1(8)(1)		2(iii)(3)		50.%
(Understanding					4			2(vi)(3)		4(8)	35	
Based)												
A	3 (8)					2(vii) (3)				2(vii)(3)		20.%
(Application											14	
Based)												
Total Marks	12	4	7	12	4	4	4	4	4	15	70	100%

KEY:

1(1)(1)

Question No. (Part No.) (Allocated Marks)

- **Note:** (i) The policy of FBISE for knowledge based questions, understanding based questions and application based questions is approximately as follows:
 - a) 30% knowledge based.
 - b) 50% understanding based.
 - c) 20% application based.
 - (ii) The total marks specified for each unit/content in the table of specification is only related to this model question paper.
 - (iii) The level of difficulty of the paper is approximately as follows:
 - a) 40% easy
 - b) 40% moderate
 - c) 20% difficult