1	Versio	on N	0.		I	ROLI	L NUI	MBE	R				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Answer Sheet No.		
(3)	34	34	34	3	34	34	34	34	34	3	Answer Sheet 140		
(5)	5	5	5	(5)	5	5	5	5	5	(5)	Sign. of Candidate		
6	6	6	6	(4) (5) (6) (7)	6	6	6	6	6	4 5 6 7			
(7)	7	7	7		7	7	7	7	7	(7)	Sign. of Inv <mark>ig</mark> ilator		
9	(9)	(8) (9)	(8) (9)	8	(8) (9)	(8) (9)	(8) (9)	(9)	9	(8) (9)			
	ENGLISH COMPULSORY HSSC-I (2 nd Set)												
	SECTION – A (Marks 20) Time allowed: 25 Minutes												
						1 1111	e ano	weu.	23 IV	muic			
				•	-						be answered on this pa	_	
over	to the	e Cer	ntre Su	perinten	dent.	Dele	ting/c	overw	riting	g is n	ot allowed. Do not us	e lead pencil.	
Q.1	Fil	ll the	e relev	ant bubl	ole fo	r eac	h pa	rt. E	ach p	art c	carries one mark.		
	(1))	A stru	ggle bety	veen	onno	sing	force	s that	is re	vealed through a chara	cter's	
	(-)			nts or act			51118			12 10			
			A.	plot			Q		B.		point of view	Q	
			C.	conflict	•		O		D.]	fight	O	
	(2))	A form	n of liter	ature	that 1	uses a	aesth	etic a	nd of	ten rhythmic qualities	of language is:	
			A.	poetry			Q		В.]	legend	Ŏ	
			C.	play			O		D.	1	myth	O	
	(3))	Which	one of t	he fo	llowi	ng se	entend	ce ex	empli	ifies alliteration?		
	` /		A.	She tole	d me	her s	ecret	s.		_		\circ	
			B.				ven y	ears	ago o	our fa	thers brought forth on	this continent	
			C.	a new r Zainab			oise				O	\bigcirc	
			D.	I have a				to do).			ŏ	
							_					-	
	(4))		the leade	_	chai	nged,	his p	ositi	on be	came precarious . Syn	onym of the	
			A.	secure	u 15.		\bigcirc		В.	1	upright	\circ	
			C.	uncerta	in		Ŏ		D.		reliable	Ŏ	
	(5)		The	la la aus		41-	. .	.1	J 1		illians of manage Char		
	(5)			obbers d verb:		tn	e bar	ik and	J 1001	lea m	illions of rupees. Choo	ose suitable	
			A.	broke d	own		0		В.	1	broke off	\circ	
			C.	broke a	way		Ō		D.	1	broke in	Ō	
	(6)		Не чи	ic in each	nizin:	a nois	n Ch	0000	tha w	ord 4	that is most nearly simi	lar in magning	
	(6)			underlin			ı. Cil	oose	uie w	oru l	mai is most hearry sim	nai in meaning	
			A.	bold.		*	0		B.		risky	Q	
			C.	painful			Õ		D.]	perilous	\circ	
							Pa	age 1	of 3				

(7)	-				ne of the following sentence	e has the					
		t passive voice of the	-			\bigcirc					
	A. B.	A case will have be A case shall have b		-		\leq					
	C.	A case will have fil			office.	Ŏ					
	D.	A case would have	•	-	e.	Ŏ					
(8)		h one of the following conditional is correctly structured? When the people smoke cigarettes, their health suffers. When the people smoke cigarettes, their health suffer. When the people smoke cigarettes, their health might suffer. When the people smoke cigarettes, their health would suffer.									
(9)	Which A. B. C. D.	The creaking door of they were talking to I like singing songs. They climbed the m	woke the loo much a with my f	little ba and got friends.	a detention.	0000					
(10)	Which A. B. C. D.	one of the following A wonderful old Ita An Italian old wond A wonderful Italian An old wonderful I	llian clock derful cloc old clock	ck x	the correct order of adjecti	ve?					
(11)	He live	es Saddar	Rawal	pindi. A	Apply the correct option.						
` /	A.	in, at	O	В.	on, in	0					
	C.	at, in	Ö	D.	in, about	Ŏ					
(12)	grocer	y store. John's dad	lifted him " said his n to a groo shop very elp in shop	into the dad. Checery sto	e busy parking lot. They wante seat of a shopping cart. shoose the correct inference.						
(13)	Which	one of the following	word car	rries a s	ilent letter?						
()	A.	transcend	\bigcap	В.	individual	\bigcirc					
	C.	complication	Ŏ	C.	excited	Ŏ					
(14)	cheap.	Choose suitable gro a, an, the			skirt blouse was	simply					
	C.	a, a, the	O	υ.	a, the, a	O					
(15)	_	e professor, Steve V ined part of the sente			iew the scholarship applicat	ions. The					
	A.	appositive noun		в.	countable noun	\bigcirc					
	C.	collective noun	ŏ	D.	abstract noun	$\check{\bigcirc}$					
(16)	Every senten		rk because	e of traf	fic jam. The underlined wo	rd of the					
	A.	indefinite pronoun	\bigcirc	B.	demonstrative	\circ					
	C.	reflexive pronoun	\bigcirc	D.	relative pronoun	\circ					

(17)	The d	logs started chasing	g my car o	once the	y saw it turn the corner. The	e
	under	lined part of the sen	tence is:			
	A.	adverb phrase	0	B.	adverb clause	\circ
	C.	adjective phrase	Ŏ	D.	noun clause	Ŏ
(18)	Which	n one of the following	ng sentence	e carries	s a noun phrase?	
	A.	There are some cu	rvaceous n	nountai	ns that we have to climb.	\bigcirc
	B.	I saw that Sidra is	fast asleep).		\circ
	C.	John is doing prac	tice to exc	el other	S.	Ó
	D.	She is taller than r	ne.			Ŏ
(19)	A kind	d of literary work th	at is based	on fact	and figures or reality is known	own as
	A.	fiction	0	B.	nonfiction	\circ
	C.	fantasy	Ŏ	D.	myth	Ŏ
(20)	The st	age of the plot at w	hich moun	ting ten	sion is released:	
	A.	climax	0	B.	anticlimax	\circ
	C.	resolution	0	D.	rising action	0

Federal Board HSSC-I Examination English Compulsory Model Question Paper

Time allowed: 2.35 hours

Total Marks: 80

Note: Answer the questions in Sections 'B' and 'C' at the place specified for it therein on the separately provided E-Sheet. No supplementary answer sheet will be provided. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION – B (Marks 40)

Q.2 Read the following passage carefully and answer any SIX questions including Question No.(i) appended to it.

Note: Question no. (i) about summary writing is compulsory carrying 08 marks while rest of the questions carry 04 marks each. $(8 + 5 \times 4 = 28)$

The only revolution that will heal us is one in which men and women come together and place the creation of rich family life back in the center of horizon of our values. A letter I got recently from a woman makes the point: "Perhaps the real shift will come when men fully realize, in the gut and not just in the head, that they are equally responsible, with women for the creation, nurturing, and protection of children." You may object, "All of this is well enough in theory, but unfortunately in fact, for many people the family was vicious trap and a cruel destiny. The place that should have been a sanctuary was often torture house. The arms that should have helped us often pushed us away.

Many flee the family because it was the place of injury, captivity, disappointment, abuse. The children of alcoholics and abusive parents fear marriage and family and find their solace in becoming solitary. There are so many bad marriages and dysfunctional families, it sometimes seems only reasonable to junk the institution or invent a replacement. True enough but hopes of replacing the family with some more perfect institution, like hi-tech pipe dreams of creating space colonies into which we can escape when we have polluted the earth, have proven to be both dangerous and deluded. It is within the bounds of what is familial that we must live or perish.

Fortunately, the profusion of dysfunctional families does not necessarily predict a grim future for the family. One of the standard themes in mythology is the promise of the wounded healer. In our hurt lies the source of our healing. The bird with the broken and mended wings soars the highest. Where you stumble and fall, there you find the treasure.

QUESTIONS:

- i. Write down the summary of the given passage and suggest a suitable title. (7+1=8)
- ii. Explain the expressions 'vicious trap' and 'cruel destiny' in the context of the given text.
- iii. How will the 'only revolution' suggested in the text heal the ills of our society?
- iv. Explain whether the thesis statement of the 2nd paragraph is implied or stated. How does its contents relate to the thesis statement?
- v. What should be the attitude of men and women towards the creation of a rich family life?
- vi. How can essence of the given text be a journey from 'pessimism' to 'optimism'?
- vii. Why are some people not interested in family life?
- viii. How do you look at your family in the light of the views expressed in the passage?

Q.3 a. Read the following poetic extract carefully and answer the questions appended to it: (2+2+2=6)

The air broke into a mist with bells,

The old walls rocked with the crowd and cries.

Had I said, Good folk, mere noise repels—

But give me your sun from yonder skies!

They had answered, And afterward, what else?

QUESTIONS:

- i. Describe the dominant mood of the given stanza.
- ii. What are poetic devices used in the given stanza? Give examples (any two)
- iii. What would have happened if the speaker had asked the people to bring him sun from skies?

OR

"And on the pedestal, these words appear:

My name is Ozymandias King of Kings.

Look on my Works, ye Mighty, and despair!

Nothing beside remains. Round the decay

Of that colossal Wreck, boundless and bare

The lone and level sands stretch far away."

QUESTIONS:

- i. What is the implied message of the given poetic text?
- ii. Point out the use of irony in the given stanza.
- iii. Explain the tone and mood of the given stanza?
- b. Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions:

- (6)
- i. Explain the elements of the plot represented by the blob in the context of the play you have recently read.



ii. Recall the theme of a play you have read and explain whether it is of individual or universal significance.

SECTION – C (Marks 40)

NOTE: Attempt all questions.

Q.4 Write a job application in response to the advertisement given below: (8)



- Q.5. a. Pick the correct phrasal verbs from the choices given against each of the following sentences and rewrite any **SIX** of them correctly. (6)

 i. The teacher_____ an explanation of his conduct. (called out/called
 - 1. The teacher an explanation of his conduct. (called out/called for)
 - ii. His arrogance _____ his ruin. (brought in/brought about)
 - iii. How did these things _____? (come in/come about)
 - iv. They _____ against the gross injustice meted out to them. (cried out/cried away)

	v.	He smoking. (gave up/ gave away)	
	vi.	Don't smoke in the forest. Fire easily at this time of the	year.
		(breaks up/breaks into)	
	vii.	She was very sad because her father last week. (passed	
		out/passed away)	
	viii.	I got by his enthusiasm. (carried away/ carried in)	
b.	Use tl	he correct form of verbs given in parentheses. (Any SIX)	(6)
	i.	He already (get) late.	
	ii.	The guests (depart) before l arrived.	
	iii.	He (write) me last week about his studies.	
	iv.	She fell down while she (play).	
	v.	Salar (study) in this college since his arrival in this city.	
	vi.	If I knew him, I (tell)you.	
	vii.	I just (get) free.	
c.	Punct	tuate the following lines/paragraph:	(4)
	He sa	aid, Why do you come and disturb me? what a nuisance you are! when the same is not a nuisance you are!	why can't
	you p	play somewhere else cant you see that I want to work? Go away at	once and
	do no	ot come here again.	
Write	a letter	r to the chairman NCOC, inviting his attention towards the wide sp	oread of
COVI	D -19	in your area, stressing upon the need of immediate implementa	ation of
			(8)
Trans	late the	following passage from English to Urdu:	(8)
I thin	k we a	re well-advised to keep on nodding terms with the people we us	sed to be,
and su	arprise i	us, come hammering on the mind's door at 4 a.m. of a bad night an	d demand
to kno	ow who	o deserted them, who betrayed them, who is going to make am	ends. We
forget	all too	soon the things we thought we could never forget. We forget the	loves and
_			
	<i>J</i>		
	c. Write COVI SOPs Trans I thin wheth and su to know forget	vi. vii. viii. b. Use t i. ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vii. c. Punc He sa you p do no Write a lette COVID -19 SOPs. Translate the I think we a whether we and surprise to know wh forget all too the betrayals	vi. Don't smoke in the forest. Fire easily at this time of the (breaks up/breaks into) vii. She was very sad because her father last week. (passed out/passed away) viii. I got by his enthusiasm. (carried away/ carried in) b. Use the correct form of verbs given in parentheses. (Any SIX) i. He already (get) late. ii. The guests (depart) before I arrived. iii. He (write) me last week about his studies. iv. She fell down while she (play). v. Salar (study) in this college since his arrival in this city. vi. If I knew him, I (tell)you. vii. I just (get) free. c. Punctuate the following lines/paragraph: He said, Why do you come and disturb me? what a nuisance you are! very you play somewhere else cant you see that I want to work? Go away at do not come here again. Write a letter to the chairman NCOC, inviting his attention towards the wide spectory. COVID -19 in your area, stressing upon the need of immediate implements SOPs. Translate the following passage from English to Urdu: I think we are well-advised to keep on nodding terms with the people we us whether we find them attractive company or not. Otherwise, they turn up una and surprise us, come hammering on the mind's door at 4 a.m. of a bad night and to know who deserted them, who betrayed them, who is going to make am forget all too soon the things we thought we could never forget. We forget the the betrayals alike, forget what we whispered and what we screamed, forget

OR

Write a dialogue between a teacher and a student on discipline. (Dialogue must have at least Eight sets of conversation relevant to the topic other than opening and closing)

* * * * *

ENGLISH (COMPULSORY) HSSC-I (2nd Set) Student Learning Outcomes Alignment Chart

S	Q No.						
3	Q No.				20	*	in
#		Competency No.	Standard No.	Benchmark No.	Student Learning Outcomes	Cognitive Level	Allocated Marks in Paper
1.	Q-1(1)	1	2	I	Recognize the author's purpose and point of	U	1
					view and their effects on the texts. Identify universal themes present in literature across all cultures		
2.	Q-1(2)	1	2	I	Recognize genres of literature e.g.,	U	1
					fiction, nonfiction, poetry, legend,		
					one act play, etc.		
3.	Q-1(3)	1	2	I	Read a given poem and give orally and	K	1
					in writing:		
					• Recognize literary techniques such		
	0.1(4)	1	1	TT	as personification and alliteration.	17	1
4.	Q-1(4)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with	K	1
					text, use intensive reading strategies (while- reading) to deduce meaning of		
					difficult words from context		
5.	Q-1(5)	4	2	I	Use appropriate vocabulary and correct	U	1
٥.	Q 1(3)	•	_	•	spelling in their own writing:	O	1
					Understand and use colloquial and idiomatic		
					expressions given in the text /glossary.		
6.	Q-1(6)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with	K	1
					text, use intensive reading strategies		
					(while- reading) to deduce meaning of		
					difficult words from context		
7.	Q-1(7)	4	3	III	Use active and passive voice appropriately in	U	1
					speech and writing according to the required		
8.	Q-1(8)	4	3	III	communicative function.	U	1
0.	Q-1(8)	4	3	Ш	Identify, analyze and construct conditional sentences.	U	1
9.	Q-1(9)	4	3	I	Illustrate the use of gerunds and gerund phrases.	K	1
10.	Q-1(10)	4	3	I	Follow order of adjectives in sentences.	K	1
11.	Q-1(10)	4	3		Illustrate use of prepositions of position, time and	K	1
***	× -(11)			_	movement and direction		-
12.	Q-1 (12)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text,	U	1
					use intensive reading strategies (while-		
					reading) to make simple inferences using		
					context of the text and prior knowledge		
13.	Q-1(13)	4	1	I	Recognize silent letters in words and pronounce	U	1
					them with developing accuracy.		

14.	Q-1(14)	4	3	I	Apply rules for the use of a, an and the,	A	1
17.	Q 1(14)	7	3	1	wherever applicable in speech and writing	11	1
15.	Q-1(15)	4	3	I	Demonstrate use of collective, countable and	U_	1
13.	Q 1(13)	•		1	incountable, material and abstract nouns.		1
16.	Q-1(16)	4	3	I	Illustrate use of pronouns.	U	1
17.	Q-1(17)	4	3	I	Demonstrate use of nouns, noun phrases and K		1
	2 , ,				clauses in apposition.		
18.	Q-1(18)	4	3	I	Demonstrate use of nouns, noun phrases and K		1
					clauses in apposition.		
19.	Q-1(19)	1	2	Ι	Recognize genres of literature e.g., fiction,	K	1
					nonfiction, poetry, legend, one act play, etc.		
20.	Q-1(20)	1	2	I	Analyze story elements: characters, events,	K	1
					setting, plot, theme, tone, point of view.		
21.	Q-2(i)	1	1	II	Use summary skills to extract salient points and	A	8
					develop a mind map to summarize a text.		
22.	Q-2(ii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	U	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
					to deduce meaning of difficult words from		
	0.000				context.		
23.	Q-2(iii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	U	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
24	0.2(:)	1	1	TT	to scan to answer short questions.	TT	4
24.	Q-2(iv)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	U	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading) to scan to answer short questions.		
25.	Q-2(v)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
25.	Q-2(V)	1	1	11	use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)	K	4
					to scan to answer short questions.		
26.	Q-2(vi)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	U	4
20.	Q 2(VI)	1	1	111	use intensive reading strategies (while-	C	
					reading) to comprehend/interpret text by		
					applying critical thinking.		
27.	Q-2(vii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
	2 , ,				use intensive reading strategies (while-		
L					reading) to scan to answer short questions.		
28.	Q-2 (viii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
					to scan to answer short questions.		
29.	Q-3-(a)-	1	2	I	Read a given poem and give orally and	U	2
	(I &II)-(i)				in writing:		
					• Theme and its development.		
					• Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such as		
30.	O(3(a))	1	2	I	personification and alliteration.	K	2
30.	Q-3-(a)- (I &II)-	1		1	Read a given poem and give orally and in writing:	IX.	
	(ii)				Theme and its development.		
	(11)				Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such as		
					personification and alliteration.		
			l	1	I I a man and a man and a man		1

31.	Q-3-	1	2	I	Read a given poem and give orally and	U	2
51.	(a)- (I	1	_	1	in writing:	O	2
	&II)-				Theme and its development.		
	απ)				Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such as		
					personification and alliteration.		
18.	Q-1(18)	4	3	I	Demonstrate use of nouns, noun phrases and clauses	K	1
10.	Q 1(10)	·	3	1	in apposition.	IX	1
19.	Q-1(19)	1	2	I	Recognize genres of literature e.g., fiction,	K	1
					nonfiction, poetry, legend, one act play, etc.		
20.	Q-1(20)	1	2	I	Analyze story elements: characters, events,	K	1
					setting, plot, theme, tone, point of view.		
21.	Q-2(i)	1	1	II	Use summary skills to extract salient points and	A	8
					develop a mind map to summarize a text.		
22.	Q-2(ii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text	U	4
					and use intensive reading strategies (while-		
					reading) to deduce meaning of difficult words		
					from context.		
23.	Q-2(iii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text	U	4
					and use intensive reading strategies (while-		
					reading) to scan to answer short questions.		
24.	Q-2(iv)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text	U	4
					and use intensive reading strategies (while-		
					reading) to scan to answer short questions.		
25.	Q-2(v)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-		
					reading) to scan to answer short questions.		
26.	Q-2(vi)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	U	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
					to comprehend/interpret text by applying		
					critical thinking.		
27.	Q-2(vii)	1	1	II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
					• use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
					to scan to answer short questions.		
28.	Q-2 (viii)	1	1) II	Apply critical thinking to interact with text and	K	4
					use intensive reading strategies (while-reading)		
					to scan to answer short questions.		
29.	Q-3-(a)-	1	2	I	Read a given poem and give orally and	U	2
	(I &II)-(i)				in writing:		
					• Theme and its development.		
					• Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such		
				_	as personification and alliteration.		
30.	Q-3-(a)-	1	2	I	Read a given poem and give orally and	K	2
	(I &II)-				in writing:		
	(ii)				• Theme and its development.		
					Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such		
0.1		-			as personification and alliteration.	**	2
31.	Q-3-(a)-	1	2	1	Read a given poem and give orally and	U	2

	(I %-II)				in waiting.	1	
	(I & II)-				in writing:		
	(iiI)				• Theme and its development.	,	
					• Personal response with justification.		
					Recognize literary techniques such		
22	0.0.4	4	_	-	as personification and alliteration.	**	
32.	Q-3-(b)-	1	2	I	Analyze story elements: characters, events,	U	6
22	(i)	4	_	-	setting, plot, theme, tone, point of view.	**	
33.	Q-3-(b)-	1	2	I	Recognize the author's purpose and point of	U	6
	(ii)				view and their effects on the texts. Identify		
					universal themes present in literature across all		
					cultures		
34.	Q-4	2	1	III	Comprehend various job advertisements to	K/A	4+4
					write in response, an effective job application,		
					a resume and a covering letter:		
					• Use appropriate vocabulary, style and tone		
					for a covering letter/job application/resume'.		
35.	Q-5(a)	4	2	I	Use appropriate vocabulary and correct	U	6
					spelling in their own writing:		
					 Understand and use colloquial and idiomatic 		
					expressions given in the text /glossary.		
36.	Q-5(b)	4	3	I	Illustrate use of tenses.	U	6
37.	Q-5(c)	4	3	II	Recognize and rectify faulty punctuation in	K	4
					given passages and own work.		
38.	Q-6	2	1	III	Analyze and compare various business letters,	A	8
					to write effective business letters in extended		
					social environment for various purposes		
					(complaint, appreciation, request, asking for		
					and providing information, etc.):		
					• Write and revise business letters using correct		
					format and style of expression.		
39.	Q-7	4	2	I	Use the knowledge of literal and figurative	K/A	4+4
					meaning, grammatical gender and syntax		
					to translate passages from English to Urdu.		
					• Understand that most phrases and idioms do		
					not translate literally from one language to		
					another.		
					OR		
		•			Plan draft and revise writing to ensure that it		
		2	1	4	• is focused, purposeful, includes a sense		
					of audience, and shows insight into the		
					writing situation.		
					• has an organizational pattern that reflects a		
					clear overall progression of ideas through		
					proper use of signal and reference words.		
					• uses writing strategies as are appropriate to		
			,		the purpose of writing.		
					• has varied sentence structure and length.		
					• has a good command of language		
					with precision of expression		
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^{**} K= Knowledge, U= Understanding & A= Application

ENGLISH COMPULSORY HSSC-I (2nd Set)

Table of Specifications

Assessment	Competency-1	Competency-2	Competency-4	Marks	Percentage
Objectives	Reading and Thinking Skills	Writing Skill	Formal and Lexical Aspects of		
			Language		
Knowledge	1-3(1),1-4(1),1-6(1),1-2(1), 1-19(1),	4-(4), 6-(4)	1-9(1), 1-10(1),1-11(1),1-17(1),	37	31.6%
Based	1-20(1), 2-v (4),2-vii (4),2-viii (4),		1-1 <mark>8(1),</mark> 5-c (4),		
	3-a-(I &II)-ii (2)				
Understanding	1-1(1), 1-12(1), 2-iv (4), 2-ii (4),		1-5(1), 1-7(1), 1-8(1), 1-13(1),	55	47 %
Based	2-iii (4), 2-vi (4),3-a-(I &II)-i (2),		1-15(1),1-16(1), 5-a (8),5-b (7)		
	3-a-(I &II)-iii (2),3- b-i(6),3-b-ii (6)		, v		
Application	2 -i (8)	4-(4), 6-(4)	7-(8),1-14(1),	25	21.4%
Based					
Total Marks	62	16	39	117	100%

Key:

1-4(1)

Q No. - Part No. (Allocated marks)

Note: (i) The policy of FBISE for knowledge based questions, understanding based questions and application based questions is approximately as follows:

- a) 30% knowledge based.
- b) 50% understanding based.
- c) 20% application based.
- (ii) The total marks specified for each unit/content in the table of specification is only related to this model question paper.
- (iii) The level of difficulty of the paper is approximately as follows:
 - a) 40% easy
 - b) 40% moderate
 - c) 20% difficult